Enlistment Standards Program

Chapter 1

General

1-1. Purpose
This regulation prescribes the procedures and responsibilities associated with the Enlistment Standards Program (ESP) within the United States Army Recruiting Command (USAREC).

1-2. References
For required and related publications and referenced forms see appendix A.

1-3. Explanation of abbreviations and terms
Abbreviations and special terms used in this regulation are explained in the glossary.

1-4. Responsibilities
a. The Assistant Chief of Staff, G-3; Headquarters, United States Army Recruiting Command (HQ USAREC), has staff responsibility for the implementation, administration, and training regarding the ESP. To fulfill that responsibility the G-3 will:
(1) Develop data systems which can be used to monitor the enlistment process for the entire command. The information will be developed and available to the field which will enhance management capabilities.
(2) Conduct classes to ensure that key personnel are knowledgeable about the ESP.
(3) Coordinate with the USAREC Inspector General (IG) to ensure the ESP is inspected as a part of the IG’s quality assurance inspections.

b. Recruiting brigade (Rctg Bde) commanders have overall responsibility for implementation of the ESP within their respective Rctg Bdes. The Chief of Staff of the Rctg Bde and the S-3 are the primary staff officers responsible for the ESP throughout the Rctg Bde. Rctg Bde commanders will:
(1) Ensure all monitoring, evaluating, training, and followup requirements identified in this regulation are implemented at the Rctg Bde and subordinate recruiting battalion (Rctg Bn) levels.
(2) Review the Enlistment Standards Functional Area Analysis Package, Volume II, and quality assurance reports (QARs), as deemed appropriate.
(3) Discuss negative trends and specific issues identified as a result of the Volume II and QARs review with the appropriate commanders, and recommend actions to be taken regarding negative trends or potential problem areas. Procedures to analyze the reported areas are identified in appendix B.
(4) Conduct ESP training for appropriate key personnel.
(5) Conduct ESP inspections of Rctg Bns as a part of the Command Inspection Program (CIP).

c. The Rctg Bn commander has overall responsibility for implementation of the ESP within their respective Rctg Bn. The executive officer (XO) and S-3 of the Rctg Bn are the primary staff officers responsible for the ESP throughout the Rctg Bn. The Rctg Bn commander will:

For the Commander:

RENEE T. FINNEGAN
Colonel, GS
Chief of Staff

Official:

BRUCE W. MORRIS
Assistant Chief of Staff, G-6

History. This UPDATE printing publishes a new Change 2, which is effective 15 April 2007.

Summary. This change incorporates the changes in staff responsibilities due to the migration of review and analysis of the Command Volume II and quality assurance reports responsibility from the executive officer to the S-3.
(1) Ensure all newly assigned personnel are briefed on the purpose and administration of the ESP.

(2) Ensure the Rctg Bn has a current ESP standing operating procedure (SOP). A sample copy of a Rctg Bn SOP is provided at appendix C. Rctg Bns may add to the sample SOP for individual Rctg Bn unique requirements, but may not delete requirements outlined in the sample.

(3) Take actions necessary throughout the Rctg Bn to manage and comply with the ESP functional area standards. Update recruiting company (Rctg Co) commanders on a monthly basis regarding trends in the ESP. Discuss negative trends and specific issues with appropriate commanders and provide recommended actions regarding negative trends or potential problem areas and recruiters.

(4) Ensure all appropriate personnel receive ESP reinforcement training in accordance with information derived from negative trend analysis.

d. Rctg Co commanders have primary responsibility for implementing the ESP in their respective Rctg Cos and reinforcing ESP principles. They must be thoroughly knowledgeable of the functional areas monitored in the ESP. Additionally, they will ensure that recruiters are counseled concerning negative trends identified in Volume II and QARs.

Chapter 2
Overview of the ESP

2-1. Purpose of the ESP
It is critical to the needs of the Army that only those applicants who are found to be fully qualified in accordance with existing laws, regulations, directives, and policies are processed for enlistment and actually allowed to enlist. The field recruiting force must be highly trained, highly motivated, and provided with sufficient “tools of the trade” in order to continually produce high quality enlistments. One such tool is the ESP.

The ESP provides commanders with monitoring feedback capabilities in order to detect, identify, areas of excellence, detect where “tools of the trade” are being ignored or overlooked, and correct various potential problem areas within their organizations concerning enlistment processing. The overall objective of the ESP is to ensure integrity in the recruiting process and maintain the quality of Soldiers entering the Regular Army (RA) and the Army Reserve (AR).

2-2. Principles of the ESP
The ESP is based on the following principles:

a. Making mission with integrity.
b. Providing the Army with quality Soldiers.
c. Reducing attrition.
d. Identifying and evaluating data trends.
e. Identifying and correcting systemic problems.
f. Reducing recruiting improprieties (RIs).
g. Establishing a clear audit trail.
h. Recognizing individuals who perform well.
i. Establishing tracking systems for monitoring enlistment processing, ESP areas of concern, and evaluation of existing management programs developed by the Rctg Bn.

j. Educating the field recruiting force concerning enlistment processing and ESP fundamental principles, internal analysis, and evaluation.

2-3. Reporting and monitoring systems
In order to monitor enlistment processing, a Rctg Bn automated reporting system has been developed to track various actions during the enlistment process.

a. The Enlistment Standards Functional Area Analysis and Data Package contains a grouping of ESP-related reports. The Rctg Bn Management Reporting System (Volume II) contains a series of automated reports ordered by recruiting station identification (RSID) and by individual recruiter for every Rctg Bn within the command. This system provides raw information to analyze and to identify the unit and individual responsible for problem areas.

b. QARs contain graphs and pivot tables developed to assist commanders with analyzing the data provided in Volume II.

2-4. Retrieval of reports
All ESP reports produced by HQ USAREC will be retrieved by the appropriate subordinate headquarters as follows:

a. Rctg Bdes will retrieve the Enlistment Standards Functional Area Analysis and Data Package, Volume II, and QARs by using the USAREC Business Intelligence Portal.

b. Rctg Bns will retrieve the Enlistment Standards Functional Area Analysis and Data Package, Volume II, and QARs each month, by using the USAREC Business Intelligence Portal.

c. Special reports produced by the G-3/Operations and Training Directorate outlining trends in the ESP will be available for retrieval by Rctg Bdes and Rctg Bns, as appropriate.

2-5. Actions upon retrieval of reports
Upon retrieval of the Enlistment Standards Functional Area Analysis and Data Package, Volume II; QARs; or any special reports:

a. Rctg Bde personnel will screen Rctg Bn data and highlight potential problem areas.

Analysis will be performed to determine areas of excellence or areas requiring corrective actions. The Rctg Bn XO or S-3 will forward a Rctg Co summary to the appropriate Rctg Co commander. Appropriate action will be taken to ensure problems and adverse trends within functional areas are identified and corrected.

b. The Rctg Bn XO or S-3 will forward a Rctg Co summary to the appropriate Rctg Co commander. Appropriate action will be taken to ensure problems and adverse trends within functional areas are identified and corrected.

2-6. Functional area standards
a. The following functional area standards are provided. Compliance with these standards must be the goal for every level of command:

(1) The goal for the Future Soldier Training Program (FSTP) separation rate is not to exceed 15 percent of the total number of RA contracts. FSTP separations with recruiter impact (declined enrollment, personal problems, refused to enlist, did not report on active duty, and failure to graduate from high school) should be limited to the maximum extent possible.

(2) The goal for total AR losses is not to exceed 10 percent of the total number of AR Delayed Training Program (DTP) FSTP members.

(3) XO’s and S-3s will review training base attrition (TBA) losses to determine any adverse trends.

(4) Errors in enlistments that require a waiver or discharge will be kept to a minimum.

b. Units will be prepared to address areas with negative trends or areas that do not meet established goals. As a minimum the following items should be addressed:

(1) Causes.

(2) Corrective action taken.

(3) Anticipated date when the problem will be corrected.

Chapter 3
Administration of the ESP

3-1. Administration of the ESP
The purpose of this chapter is to establish procedures for the overall administration and organization of the ESP at Rctg Bde and Rctg Bn levels.

3-2. Rctg Bde procedures
a. Rctg Bde commanders will maintain ESP files for the current and previous recruiting calendar year (RCY) to include, as a minimum:

(1) All afteraction reports of ESP inspections of Rctg Bns and ESP items resulting from IG inspections and reports produced by the G-3/Operations and Training Directorate outlining trends in the ESP will be available for retrieval by Rctg Bdes and Rctg Bns, as appropriate.

(2) All memoranda of instruction, memoranda of transmittal, electronic e-mail messages, and other reports pertaining to the ESP.

(3) Records of Rctg Bde ESP visits or conferences concerning the ESP.

b. Additionally, Rctg Bde commanders will ensure that Rctg Bn commanders are following established procedures for the purpose of managing the ESP.

3-3. Rctg Bn procedures
a. Rctg Bn commanders will maintain ESP records (record number 601-210) at Rctg Bn headquarters to include, as a minimum:

(1) All afteraction reports of ESP inspections of Rctg Bns, and ESP items resulting from IG inspections and reports produced by the G-3/Operations and Training Directorate outlining trends in the ESP will be available for retrieval by Rctg Bdes and Rctg Bns.

(2) All memoranda of instruction, memoranda of transmittal, electronic e-mail messages, and other reports pertaining to areas concerning the ESP.

(3) Records of Rctg Bde ESP visits, inspec-
tions, or conferences concerning the ESP.

(4) Records of all Rctg Bn training sessions concerning the ESP along with all lesson plans and/or briefing charts used to conduct the training.

(5) Copy of the Enlistment Standards Functional Area Analysis and Data Package, Volume II (current and previous RCY). Report may be retained electronically.

(6) All memoranda or memoranda for record directing Rctg Co commanders to interview recruiters, applicants, Future Soldiers, TBA personnel, etcetera, of recruiters who have adverse trends in any of the enlistment standards (ES) areas.

b. Rctg Bn commanders will ensure that all newly assigned XOs receive XO training at HQ USAREC within 6 months of assignment.

c. Rctg Bn commanders will ensure that all recruiting personnel are aware of all facets of the ESP.
Appendix A
References

Section I
Required Publication

USAREC Reg 601-45
Recruiting Improprieties Policies and Procedures.
(Cited in paras B-2g(8) and B-2h(3).)

Section II
Related Publications

AR 15-6
Procedures for Investigating Officers and Boards of Officers.

AR 601-210
Regular Army and Army Reserve Enlistment Program.

USAREC Pam 27-65

USAREC Reg 600-8
United States Army Recruiting Command Liaison Noncommissioned Officer at United States Army Reception Battalion.

USAREC Reg 600-22
Assignment of Enlistment Processing Responsibility.

USAREC Reg 601-56
Waiver, Delayed Entry Future Soldier Program Separation, and Void Enlistment Processing Procedures.

USAREC Reg 601-89
Completion of the Request for Examination Form.

USAREC Reg 601-95
Delayed Entry and Delayed Training Program.

USAREC Reg 601-96
Guidance Counselor Procedures.

USAREC Reg 601-107
Operational Management Systems.

Section III
Prescribed Forms

This section contains no entries.

Section IV
Referenced Forms

SF 86
Questionnaire for National Security Positions.

USAREC Form 633
Processing List.

USAREC Form 737
Recruiting Impropriety Investigation Log.

USAREC Form 737-A
Suspected Impropriety Inquiry Log.

USAREC Form 986
Separation Request.

USAREC FL 153
Erroneous Enlistment Report.

USMEPCOM Form 680-3A-E
Request for Examination.
Appendix B  
Recruiting Battalion Management Reporting System

B-1. The Enlistment Standards Functional Area Analysis and Data Package, Volume II, Rctg Bn Management Reporting System, provides commanders and recruiting supervisors of the Rctg Bn with their posture in major ESP functional areas. This data provides a method for evaluating the performance of a recruiter, recruiting station (RS), Rctg Co, and Rctg Bn, as it relates to the applicants and enlistees of the recruiter or unit. The data serves to identify areas of excellence and negative trends to be corrected or suspected RI, for which a commander’s inquiry may be necessary. By reviewing enlistment data associated with a recruiter or unit, a commander can identify those who excel or deviate from the norm or standard, and then, conduct further analysis to determine the possible causes for the difference. Commanders can retrieve additional data and conduct further analysis, continue monitoring, correct the irregularity, or conduct an inquiry into a suspected RI. This can assist a commander in assuring that the highest levels of integrity in recruiting are maintained within his or her command.

B-2. The Rctg Bn Management Reporting System contents and guidance concerning selected data is provided below:

a. Observations, comments, and guidance provides an update on system problems, commandwide trends, periodic surveys, and general status updates on the ESP for the command.

b. The ES matrix (app B of the Volume II Report) is used as the primary screening document in selected ES functional areas down to Rctg Co level. It serves as the tool to alert commanders when HQ USAREC established standards are not being met exceeded by highlighting in red the percentage for units that have not met the command goal. The numbers and percentages concerning attrition are a moving 12-month window. Additional data concerning possible problem areas are detailed in succeeding reports.

c. The Summary Analysis, QAR (app B of the Volume II Report), provides a detailed analysis of FSTP loss, DTF loss, TBA, and possible suspected proprieties (SIs) rates. Percentages are flagged amber if they exceed the command standard and red if they exceed the command average.

d. The Army Recruiting Information Support System-Personnel (ARISS-PER) data listing provides a listing of all recruiters and recruiting specialists assigned to the Rctg Bn. ARISS-PER is designed to collect, edit, update, and process personnel data pertinent to all levels of USAREC required to be maintained on an automated personnel database. Areas of concern include proper spelling of the recruiter’s name, correct social security number (SSN), grade, recruiter production code, and RSID. The Rctg Bn should be familiar with reconciliation procedures to ensure the information listed for each recruiter is correct. Specific information pertaining to updating the ARISS-PER database at Rctg Bn level may be found in the Personnel Training and Users Manual.

e. The Erroneous Enlistment Report provides a listing of the cumulative RCY information on those enlistees from the Rctg Bn who were found to have either an administrative or contractual error in their enlistment processing. The information is provided by USAREC liaison noncommissioned officers at the training centers. Those enlistees with contractual errors either had their contract renegotiated by the USAREC liaison noncommissioned officer at the training center or were discharged. This report is sorted by component, guidance counselor (GC), and accession date of the enlistee; and is designed to identify and monitor administrative errors, waivers, and discharges by type, frequency, Rctg Co, and GC responsible. The Rctg Bn should maintain USAREC FL 153 (Erroneous Enlistment Report) by GC, type, frequency, and volume of errors. The senior guidance counselor should use this data to monitor, counsel, and familiarize the GC with errors identified and conduct training as appropriate.

f. The Prior Service Versus Nonprior Service Report provides a listing which attempts to identify whether an applicant being processed as a nonprior service actually has prior active military service.

g. The RA FSTP Separation Report listing identifies all FSTP separations which have been canceled on the Recruit Quota System (REQUEST). The listing report includes the MEPCOM Integrated Resource System (MIRS) separation code for which the enlistee was separated, the enlistee’s name and SSN, the recruiter of credit’s SSN, and accession date. The Rctg Bn XO should look for the total number of FSTP separations, number canceled, and separation codes used on accession dates, when the cancellation took place in relationship to the end of the recruit calendar month, and the number of FSTP separations from Rctg Co, RS, and recruiter. The XO should also compare USAREC Form 986 (Separation Request Form) with REQUEST cancellation date and MIRS separation reason code. This report tells the Rctg Bn XO:

(1) If GCs, operations personnel, and recruiters are following correct FSTP separation procedures.

(2) If correct cancellation codes are being used.

(3) The total number of FSTP separations by Rctg Bn, Rctg Co, RS, and recruiter.

(4) If the Rctg Bn has a problem with processing time of FSTP separations.

(5) If improper FSTP extensions are being made.

(6) If recruiters are processing unqualified applicants at the end of the recruit calendar month.

(7) If cancellations are being processed by Military Entrance Processing Stations in a timely manner.

(8) Identifies FSTP separations for fraud or existing prior to service conditions which are required to be entered on USAREC Form 737-A (Suspected Impropriety Inspection Log) in accordance with USAREC Reg 601-45.

h. The RA TBA listing provides a listing of those RA individuals identified as losses at the training installations within the first 179 days of active duty. This listing should be used to identify enlistees who were separated within the first 30 to 90 days of training, and recruiters that have an abnormal number of TBA as compared to other recruiters. When an adverse trend is identified, Rctg Bn commanders will:

(1) Provide the recruiter, RS commander, or Rctg Co commander with the TBA data.

(2) Ensure that recruiters are advised that if the adverse trend continues, an inquiry may be conducted and personnel who were processed by the recruiter may be interviewed to determine the cause for the high TBA rate.

(3) Situations in which identified Soldiers are discharged for fraud or existing prior to service conditions (indicated by an asterisk) will be considered SIs in accordance with USAREC Reg 601-45. Instructions for conducting commanders' inquiries into SIs are contained in USAREC Reg 601-45.

i. The AR Fail to Ship Report provides a listing of those enlistees in the AR who have been separated prior to ship date. The listing includes the REQUEST cancellation code for which the enlistee was separated, the enlistee’s name and SSN, the recruiter of credit’s SSN, the RSID from where enlisted, the contract date, the scheduled accession date, and the date the individual was separated from the MIRS database as an FSTP separation and canceled from REQUEST. The Rctg Bn XO should maintain USAREC FL 153 (Erroneous Enlistment Report) in a manner.

j. The AR TBA listing provides a listing of those enlistees in the AR who have been separated prior to ship date. The listing includes the REQUEST cancellation code for which the enlistee was separated, the enlistee’s name and SSN, service component, the recruiter of credit’s SSN, the RSID from where enlisted, the original enlistment (contract) date, the date scheduled for shipment to active duty for training, and the date the individual was canceled from REQUEST.

k. The Moral Waiver Report identifies what type of moral waivers are being approved for accessions from the Rctg Bn and whether the Soldiers are subsequently being discharged at training centers. This listing identifies all accessions from the Rctg Bn with moral waivers fiscal recruiting year to date and is sorted by RSID, recruiter of credit’s SSN, and accession date.

l. The Administrative and Medical Waiver Report identifies what type of administrative and medical waivers are being approved for accessions from the Rctg Bn and whether the Soldiers are subsequently being discharged as TBA from the training centers. The report identifies all accessions from the Rctg Bn with waivers other than moral fiscal year to date, and is sorted by RSID, recruiter of credit’s SSN, and accession date.

NOTE: The moral, administrative, and medical
waiver reports reflect the type of waiver, reason for waiver, level which approved the waiver, which Rctg Cos are processing waivers, processing time for waivers, and individuals for whom waivers were approved that were ultimately FSTP separations or TBA. The XO and S-3 should look for the following concerning all moral, administrative, and medical waivers:

1. Total number of RA and AR waivers.
2. Waiver codes.
3. Number of waivers by Rctg Co, RS, and recruiter.
4. Compare contract date with accession date (are moral waivers being submitted and processed during the last few days of the recruit ship month).
5. Number of individuals with approved waivers who were discharged as TBA.

The recruiter’s summary sheet is based on a moving 12-month window. This data serves to alert commanders when HQ USAREC’s established standards are exceeded. An analysis can serve to identify systemic problems to be corrected or identify suspected RIs. This data is similar to the unit matrix as it provides information pertaining to the individual recruiter regarding the previous 12 months. Sheets are only produced for recruiters with a valid production code.
MEMORANDUM FOR ALL RECRUITING BATTALION PERSONNEL

SUBJECT: Enlistment Standards Program Standing Operating Procedures

1. REFERENCES.
   a. AR 15-6, Procedures for Investigating Officers and Boards of Officers.
   b. AR 601-210, Regular Army and Army Reserve Enlistment Program.
   c. USAREC Reg 600-8, United States Army Recruiting Command Liaison Noncommissioned Officer at United States Army Reception Battalion.
   d. USAREC Reg 600-22, Assignment of Enlistment Processing Responsibility.
   e. USAREC Reg 600-35, Enlistment Standards Program.
   g. USAREC Reg 601-56, Waiver, Future Soldier Program Separation, and Void Enlistment Processing Procedures.
   h. USAREC Reg 601-89, Completion of the Request for Examination Form.
   i. USAREC Reg 601-95, Delayed Entry and Delayed Training Program.
   j. USAREC Reg 601-96, Guidance Counselor Procedures.
   k. USAREC Reg 601-107, Operational Management Systems.

2. PURPOSE. To prescribe duties, responsibilities, and policies for the recruiting battalion (Rctg Bn) Enlistment Standards Program (ESP) and to provide commanders with accurate and timely information about the recruiting process.

3. GENERAL.
   a. The ESP is comprised of various reports for the evaluation of guidance counselor (GC), recruiter, recruiting station (RS), and recruiting company (Rctg Co) performance based on pertinent applicant and enlistee data. The overall objective of the ESP is to ensure integrity of the recruiting process and maintain the quality of Soldiers entering the United States Army and the Army Reserve (AR).
   b. The ESP is based on the following principles:
      (1) Making mission with integrity.
      (2) Providing the Army with quality Soldiers.
      (3) Reducing attrition.
      (4) Monitoring the recruiting process.
      (5) Identifying and evaluating abnormal trends.
      (6) Identifying and correcting systemic problems.
      (7) Establishing a clear audit trail.

Figure C-1. Sample of an ESP SOP
(8) Reducing recruiting improprieties (RIs).
(9) Recognizing individuals who perform well.

c. To evaluate the ESP within the Rctg Bn, periodic analysis of the following will be conducted:

(1) Quality of enlistment packets.
(2) Audit trail integrity.
(3) Training base attrition (TBA).
(4) Erroneous enlistment reports.
(5) Waivers processing administration.
(6) Future Soldier Training Program (FSTP) separations.
(7) Army Recruiting Information Support System-Personnel (ARISS-PER) reconciliation.
(8) Prior service (PS) versus nonprior service (NPS) reconciliation.
(9) AR loss trends.

d. Reports utilized in the analysis include, but are not limited to:

(1) ESP matrix.
(2) ARISS-PER.
(3) USAREC FL 153 (Erroneous Enlistment Report).
(4) PS Versus NPS Report.
(5) Regular Army (RA) FSTP Separation Listing.
(6) RA TBA Report.
(7) AR Fail to Ship Report.
(8) Moral Waiver Listing.
(9) Administrative and/or Medical Waivers Report.

e. No one negative indicator by itself is necessarily indicative of wrongdoing. However, the expeditious identification of negative trends based on indicators should identify training needs and may uncover areas that require further investigation. It is essential that a clear audit system be established through all levels of enlistment processing.

f. RI investigations and commanders’ inquiries. USAREC Reg 601-45, chapter 3, prescribes procedures for the reporting, investigating, processing, and disposing of alleged RIs. All allegations of RI will be reported to the executive officer (XO) within 24 hours or to the ESD Hot Line at 1-800-223-3735, ext. 63001. The Rctg Bn will have 1 working day to report RI allegations to HQ USAREC (RCRO-ES) via e-mail. All alleged RIs will be investigated. Investigations will follow informal AR 15-6 procedures and will normally be investigated by an experienced officer from within the Rctg Bn. In some instances the recruiting brigade (Rctg Bde) headquarters may appoint someone from outside the Rctg Bn to conduct the investigation. Occasionally, the investigation will be controlled by HQ USAREC. All Rctg Bn personnel will familiarize themselves with the provisions of USAREC Reg 601-45, chapters 2 and 3. Suspected improprieties are situations in which an RI is possible. These situations are usually based on documentary or circumstantial evidence. Commanders’ inquiries will be conducted into these situations.

g. Recruiter of credit. USAREC Reg 600-22 prescribes the policy and procedures for determination and transfer of processing responsibility for a contact or prospect and for documentation of the transfer of administrative processing responsibility between recruiting personnel. All recruiting personnel must be familiar with the provisions of this regulation. Commanders are responsible for ensuring that their Rctg Co and RS boundaries are accurate. The S-1, in conjunction with the S-3, will ensure that recruiting station identification information in HQ USAREC databases is kept accurate and current.

Figure C-1. Sample of an ESP SOP (Continued)
h. All personnel should be aware that every aspect of the recruiting process is subject to comprehensive audit and inspection by personnel from the Rctg Bn, Rctg Bde, and HQ USAREC.

4. RESPONSIBILITIES. The ESP is the commander’s program. The commander of the Rctg Bn is responsible for implementation, monitoring, and taking corrective action within the Rctg Bn. Rctg Co commanders will perform ESP-related duties for their Rctg Cos. The Rctg Bn XO and S-3 have primary staff responsibility for the ESP.

5. DUTIES.

a. Rctg Bn XO. The Rctg Bn XO and S-3 have the primary staff responsibility to ensure the validity of enlistments and integrity in recruiting. The XO and S-3 are the focal points for the monitoring and interpretation of data. Although the commander is responsible for the implementation of the ESP, the Rctg Bn XO and S-3 must coordinate the program to identify organizational trends. Where these trends appear adverse, commanders must take action to correct deficient areas. The Rctg Bn XO and S-3 will:

   (1) Ensure that ESP records are maintained in accordance with current guidance to include:

       (a) Afteraction reports of ESP visits and inspections, and enlistment standards items resulting from inspector general and Rctg Bde Command Inspection Program inspections.

       (b) All memoranda of instruction, memoranda of transmittal, e-mail messages, and other reports, memoranda, and messages pertaining to areas concerning the ESP.

       (c) Records of all Rctg Bn training sessions concerning ESP, along with all lesson plans or briefing charts used to conduct training.


       (e) All memoranda, memorandum of record, or e-mail directing Rctg Co commanders to interview applicants, Future Soldiers, TBA personnel, etcetera, and recruiters who have adverse trends in any of the ESP areas.

   (2) Maintain USAREC Form 737 (Recruiting Impropriety Investigation Log) in accordance with USAREC Reg 601-45.

   (3) Maintain USAREC Form 737-A (Suspected Impropriety Inquiry Log) in accordance with USAREC Reg 601-45.

   (4) Monitor the ESP to facilitate the early identification of negative trends. This presumes the ability to audit enlistment processing. A positive audit trail from prospect, to applicant, to Soldier, and the recruiter of credit must be established and encompass RS processing through final Military Entrance Processing Station processing.

   (5) Provide Rctg Co commanders with any negative trends concerning their personnel on a monthly basis.

b. Rctg Bn S-1 in conjunction with the S-3 will ensure that the ARISS-PER database is correct and up to date.

c. Rctg Bn S-3 will:

   (1) Coordinate with the XO in reviewing ESP reports to identify organizational trends.

   (2) Maintain and monitor USAREC FL 153.

   (3) Review and prepare waivers (in accordance with AR 601-210 and USAREC Reg 601-56).

   (4) Monitor the procedures for identifying PS versus NPS applicants in accordance with USAREC Reg 601-96.

   (5) Ensure all FSTP-in packets are checked by the Rctg Bn operations personnel for completeness and accuracy in accordance with USAREC Reg 601-96.

   (6) Ensure compliance with the Entrance National Agency Check policy and processing procedures in accordance with USAREC Reg 601-96.

   (7) Conduct Guidance Counselor Resource Center (GCRC) file quality control (QC) checks monthly in accordance with USAREC Reg 601-96.
d. Rctg Co commanders will:

1. Inform recruiters of their data on all ESP reports monthly. Personally counsel recruiters involved when performance deviates from established standards.
2. Randomly interview applicants processed by those recruiters identified for selective monitoring.
3. Take appropriate action concerning recruiters when a negative trend persists.
4. Notify the Rctg Bn of any impending FSTP loss by updating the FSTP tracking log.

e. RS commanders will:

1. Ensure USMEPCOM Form 680-3A-E (Request for Examination) is properly completed in accordance with USAREC Reg 601-89.
2. Ensure that recruiters do not accept mission accomplishment credit for any enlistment not processed in accordance with AR 610-210 and USAREC Reg 600-22.
3. Identify individuals who are to be FSTP losses on a daily basis and submit the individual’s name, reason, and recruiter of credit to the Rctg Co commander in accordance with USAREC Reg 601-95.
4. Ensure that all required documentation is contained in the enlistment record (GCRC file).
5. Ensure that FSTP referrals are properly documented in accordance with AR 601-210 and USAREC Reg 601-107. Additionally, ensure the Army Recruiting Information Support System Lead Evaluation and Distribution System code and the processing list reflect “FSTP/RA referral” as the lead source.
6. Check the quality of all RA and AR enlistment packets to ensure accuracy and completeness.

f. Recruiters will:

1. Prepare the enlistment packet in accordance with current directives.
2. Ensure that the enlistment packet is reviewed by the RS commander prior to projecting.
3. Immediately notify their RS commander of any circumstances that change a FSTP member’s status. When Future Soldiers are identified as FSTP losses, the recruiter will have the Future Soldier complete USAREC Form 986 (Separation Request) for forwarding to the Rctg Bn commander (within 14 days after being identified as an FSTP loss).

g. Senior guidance counselors will:

2. Ensure review of FSTP packets prior to initiating a GC QC Summary Report.
3. Ensure a GC QC is completed on FSTP packets prior to shipping.
4. Ensure individuals are canceled from the Recruit Quota System in a timely manner when identified as an FSTP loss.
5. Ensure GCs are counseled concerning USAREC FL 153s received from reception battalions and take appropriate corrective action as required.
6. Notify the Rctg Bn XO whenever situations arise at the Military Entrance Processing Station that there is evidence an RI or suspected impropriety investigation or inquiry is appropriate.
7. Alert the Rctg Bn XO anytime applicants have suspect test data (20 point increase), admit to new moral charges not listed on the applicant’s SF 86 (Questionnaire for National Security Positions), or any time there is a questionable GCRC core document.

6. RECRUIT WITH INTEGRITY!
Glossary

Section I
Abbreviations

AR
Army Reserve

ARISS-PER
Army Recruiting Information Support System-Personnel

ASVAB
Armed Services Vocational Aptitude Battery

CIP
Command Inspection Program

DTP
Delayed Training Program

ES
enlistment standards

ESP
Enlistment Standards Program

FSTP
Future Solider Training Program

GC
guidance counselor

GCRC
Guidance Counselor Resource Center

HQ USAREC
Headquarters, United States Army Recruiting Command

IG
inspector general

MIRS
MEPCOM Integrated Resource System

NPS
nonprior service

PS
prior service

QAR
quarterly quality assurance report

QC
quality control

RA
Regular Army

Rctg Bde
recruiting brigade

Rctg Bn
recruiting battalion

Rctg Co
recruiting company

RCY
recruiting calendar year

REQUEST
Recruit Quota System

RI
recruiting impropriety

RS
recruiting station

RSID
recruiting station identification

SI
suspected impropriety

SOP
standing operating procedure

SSN
social security number

TBA
training base attrition

USAREC
United States Army Recruiting Command

XO
executive officer

Enlistment Standards Program

A program comprised of various monitoring systems for the evaluation of recruiter and unit performance based on a review of enlistment processing data. The primary objective of the ESP is to improve the quality of Soldiers entering the Army. The means of achieving this objective is through a program which carefully monitors the recruiting process to ensure that the prescribed standards of enlistment are met.

recruiter of credit
The recruiter who accomplished the administrative processing of an enlistee and receives mission credit.

recruiting impropriety
- Acts or omissions in violation of law or regulation with the intent to enlist a person not qualified for enlistment or whom the recruiter believes is unqualified for enlistment.
- Acts or omissions in violation of law or regulation with the intent to grant a person specific option, military occupational specialty code, educational benefit, bonus, or other enlistment benefit for which an applicant is ineligible or whom the recruiter does not believe is eligible.
- Grossly negligent acts or omissions in violation of law, regulation, or policy, resulting in a fraudulent, erroneous, or defective enlistment, or reporting to active duty or transfer of an unqualified person.
- Absent evidence of an innocent purpose intentional violations of any specific prohibition identified in USAREC Reg 601-45, paragraph 2-3, whether or not any processing or enlistment occurred.

suspected impropriety
Questionable situations in which an RI is possible based on circumstantial or documentary evidence. For example: An increase of 20 or more points on the Armed Forces Qualification Test of the ASVAB within a 6-month period or unreported offenses listed in a Defense Security Service Report.